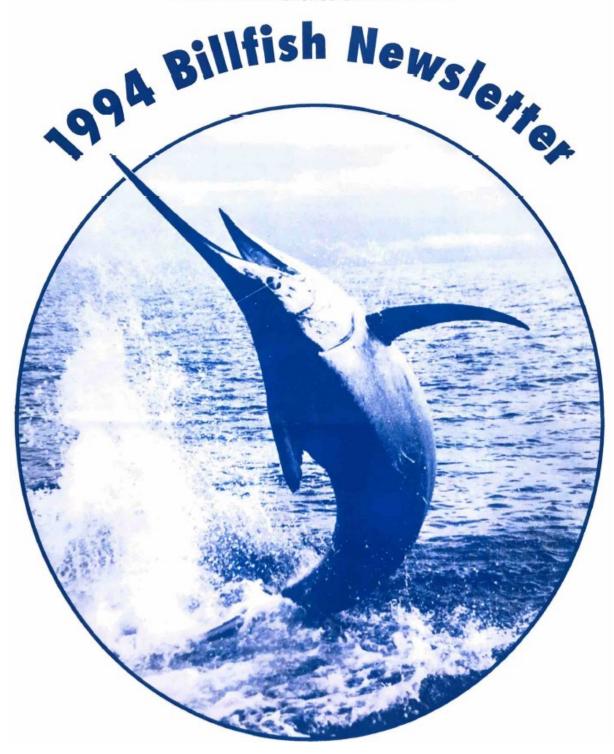
The Southwest Fisheries Science Center's



Results of Cooperative Programs

- 1993 Billfish tagging and recoveries by taggers/captains
- 1992 Billfish angler catch rate trends for the Pacific, Indo-Pacific and Indian Oceans



1994 Billfish Newsletter

INTRODUCTION

HOW TO TAG YOUR BILLFISH

the Southwest Fisheries Science Center (SWFSC) as a a rubber band before you catch your fish. service to the U.S. angling community. Emphasis is on billfish angling in the Pacific, Indo-Pacific and Indian Oceans. The results of the 1992 Pacific-Indian Ocean International Billfish Angling Survey and the 1993 Cooperative Marine Game Fish Tagging Program are described in this issue. The data presented are the result of the cooperation of billfish anglers and sport fishing clubs with the SWFSC, and we express our sincere appreciation to all anglers completing the survey forms and to all those who tag and release billfish.

The Billfish Angler Survey provides the only estimates of billfish angling activities in the Pacific and Indian Oceans. Collection of recreational billfish catch and effort data began in 1969 and provides an index of catch and effort trends for the recreational fishing community. The recreational fisheries are important economically to many areas of the Pacific. Tourism in places such as Hawaii and Baja California is tremendously enhanced by the presence of billfish sport fishing facilities. Total expenditures disbursed in pursuit of catching trophy billfish can and has exceeded the value of commercial fisheries operating in adjacent areas.

The trends in the angler catch rates of a particular region can show annual changes resulting from fishing or environmental effects. The decline in the catch rate for striped marlin around the tip of Baja California in the 1970s was shown to be related to extensive commercial fishing operations. The subsequent restrictions limiting commercial fishing in Mexican waters resulted in increased angler catch rates during the late 1970s. The effects of El Niño related events also influence the trends in angler catch rates. The cold-water episode at the tip of Baja in 1984 resulted in a decreased rate of success for striped marlin. In Hawaii there remains concern for sustaining angler catch rates due to the continued success of the commercial longline fishery targeting swordfish and tuna. While onboard observers document the by-catch of billfish in this fishery, the trends in angler catch rates monitor the abundance of billfish available to recreational billfish anglers.

WINNING BILLFISH NEWSLETTER **COVER PHOTO**

Black marlin off Tropic Star Lodge, Pinas Bay, Panama in 1992. Taken on a trolled, live tuna, fought dead-boat, and released in good condition in 34 minutes. Estimated weight 1990 catch rate of 0.42 billfish/day. was 600 pounds.

- Angler: Hans Pfenninger
- Photographer: Elsbeth Pfenninger
- Mannedorf, SWITZERLAND
- Camera: Nikon F4S with AF 80-200mrn lens at 1/4000 sec. Fuji Super Hg 600.

The Billfish Newsletter is an annual publication produced by First, have your tag loosely affixed to the applicator tip with

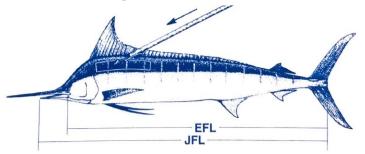


When the fish is brought alongside your boat, allow the fish time to calm down so you can better control it for accurate tag Insertion.

The tag is inserted in the dorsal back muscle just below and behind the tallest part of the dorsal fin (pictured below). The tag should be inserted a full two inches into the muscle and at an angle matching the flow of water over the fish's back. Take care to avoid the head and gill areas.

The fish should be tagged without excessive handling or removing it from the water. If the hook cannot be easily

removed, the fish can be released by cutting the leader as close to the hook as possible.



A fish that is over-exerted can often be revived by slowly pulling it through the water until it begins to swim on its own. A fish that has thrown its stomach can still be released. Several returns have been received when the Billfish Tagging Report card indicated "stomach thrown".

It is equally important to complete and promptly return the 'Billfish Tagging Report' cards.

TRENDS IN BILLFISH ANGLER CATCH **RATES: 1969 - 1992**

Billfish anglers responding to the Billfish Angler Survey for 1992 reported catching 3,751 billfish throughout the Pacific, Indo-Pacific and Indian Oceans. The total number of days reported fishing for billfish increased 6.4% to 8,712 days. The catch rate was 0.43 billfish caught per fishing day (or 2.3 days fishing per billfish). This is down about 25% from the 1991 catch rate of 0.57 billfish/day but very similar to the

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These data are the mean values calculated over the reporting **T** year and are not indicative of seasonal highs or lows p encountered in any particular region. Additionally, for those regions reporting fewer than 100 angler days, the statistical error in the mean is somewhat high, the value of these data are in the long-term trends observed. Trends that can be compared with other events such as meteorological patterns, local economies, or regional fisheries.

Table 1 shows the results of the 1992 Survey as reported by anglers, by landing locations for the Pacific and Indian Oceans. Included are the fishing area, number of angler fishing days, and the major species reported. For comparison, the 1991 figures are shown in parenthesis. Species codes are striped marlin (SM), blue marlin (BLM), black marlin (BLK), sailfish (SF), and swordfish (SW).

Highest catch rate for striped marlin was at the southern tip of Baja California, Mexico. Best catch rate for blue marlin was in Hawaii and Tahiti while black marlin were most readily taken off Australia and Papua New Guinea. The greatest success for sailfish was in the Indian Ocean (Seychelles) and off Costa Rica and Guatemala in the Pacific.

The trends in CPUE (catch per angler-day) resulting from the Survey respondents are shown graphically by location for striped marlin (Figure 1), blue marlin (Figure 2), black marlin (Figure 3), and sailfish (Figure 4). In these figures, the numbers shown along each CPUE line indicate the number of angler days used in the calculation of the CPUE for that year.

SURVEY RESPONSE

Your response to this Survey is needed to better determine the trend of angler catch rates which provides an index on the health of the billfish stocks important to recreational fisheries.

Enclosed you will find three copies of the Billfish Angler Survey card for the 1993 Survey year; one for your individual use and extras for family members or other anglers not familiar with the Survey. Additional 1993 Survey cards are available to bill-fish anglers through this office.

Table 1. Results of the 1992 Billfish Angler Survey	. Data in
parentheses (-) are values recorded in 1991.	

LOCATION	ANGLER FISHING DAYS	BILLFISH PER FISHING DAY (CPUE)	MAJOR SPECIES
PACIFIC OCEAN	-	-	-
S. California	2,220	0.12	SM
	(2,107)	(0.06)	
Hawaii, U.S.A.	3,379	0.28	BLM
	(1,892)	(0.38)	
Baja California,	1,240	0.60	SM
Mexico.	(1,952)	(0.46)	
Guaymas, Mexico.	37	0.46	SF
	(73)	(0.22)	
Mazatlan, MX	23	0.96	SF
	(143)	(0.87)	
Puerto Vallarta, MX	42	0.55	SF
	(22)	(0.68)	
Manzanilla, Mexico	28	0.61	SF
	(69)	(0.32)	
Acapulco, MX	79	0.90	SF
	(89)	(1.03)	
Guatemala	334	1.37	SF
	(232)	(1.37)	
Costa Rica	234	2.03	SF
	(288)	(2.33)	
Panama	38	1.97	SF
	(64)	(2.69)	
Peru	115	0.41	SW
	(5)	(0.40)	
Guam, U.S.A.	102	0.29	BLM
	(164)	(0.73)	
Tahiti, French	83	0.47	BLM
Polynesia	(104)	(0.38)	
Fiji	51	0.14	BLM
	(24)	(0.12)	
New Zealand	143	0.06	SM
	(275)	(0.92)	
Australia	213	0.55	BKM
	(204)	(0.42)	
Japan	38	0.16	BLM
	(3)	(0.0)	
INDO-PACIFIC	-	-	-
Micronesia	7	0.43	BLM
	(1)	(-)	
Papua New Guinea	30	0.63	BKM
	(90)	(0.14)	
Malaysia	35	0.09	BLM
	(23)	(0.04)	
Thailand	2	0.50	SF
	(8)	(0.12)	
Hong Kong (Pratas)	31	0.03	BLM
	(20)	(-)	
INDIAN OCEAN	-	-	-
Kenya	142	1.07	SF
-	(219)	(1.37)	
Mauritius	11	0.09	BLM
	(48)	(0.40)	
Seychelles	43	4.81	SF
-	(-)	(-)	

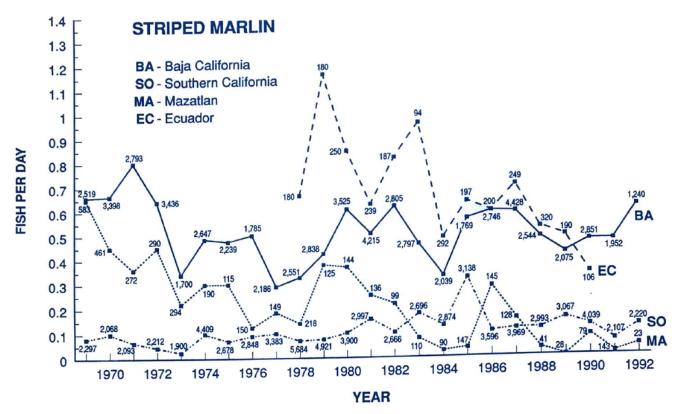


Figure 1. CPUE (number of fish/angler day) for striped marlin with the number of angler days reported by region shown for each year from 1969 to 1992.

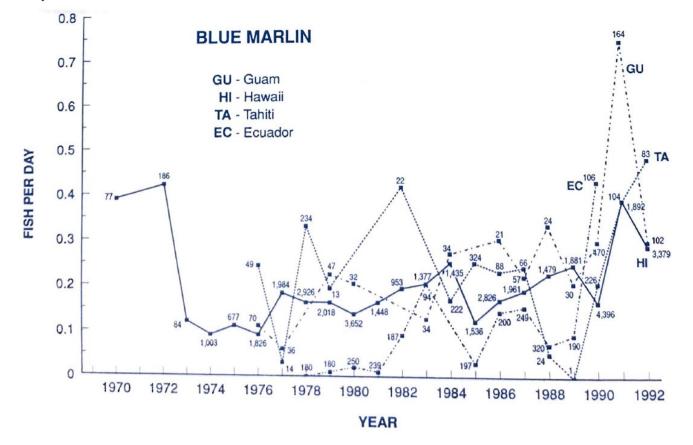


Figure 2. CPUE (number of fish/angler day) for blue marlin with the number of angler days reported by region shown for each year from 1969 to 1992.

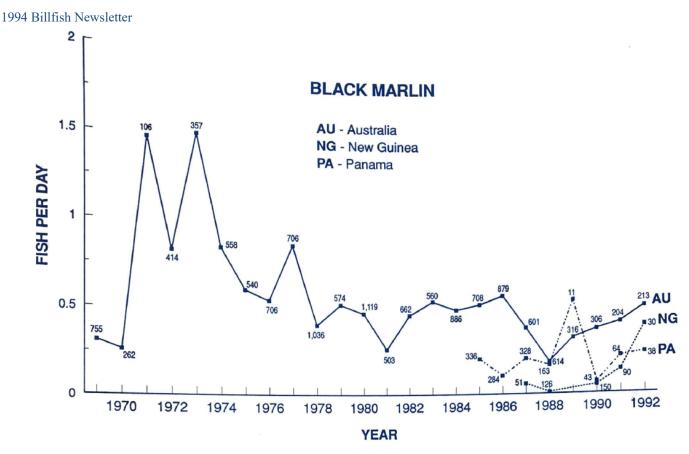


Figure 3. CPUE (number of fish/angler day) for black marlin with the number of angler days reported by region shown for each year from 1969 to 1992.

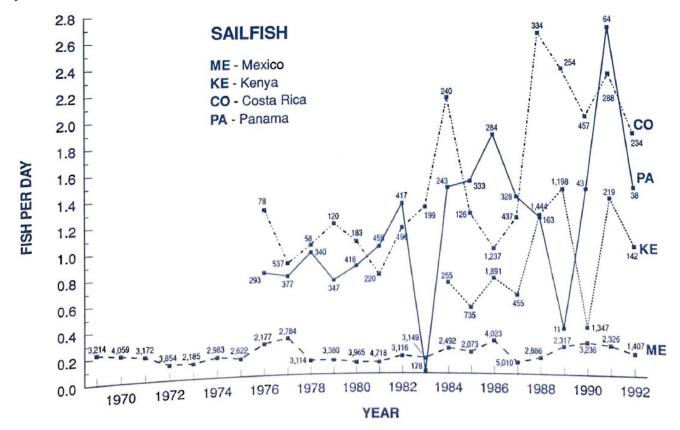


Figure 4. CPUE (number of fish/angler day) for sailfish with the number of angler days reported by region shown for each year from 1969 to 1992.

COOPERATIVE MARINE GAMEFISH TAGGING PROGRAM

TAGGING RESULTS 1993

Billfish tagging reports (*Billfish Tagging Report*) received in 1993 indicate a total of 1,135 billfish were tagged and released; a 34% increase over 1992. Billfish anglers tagged 952 billfish while commercial swordfish/tuna longliners operating out of Hawaii tagged and released 187 billfish. Fourteen billfish were tagged and released from NMFS research ships. The distribution of billfish tagged is shown in Table 2.

We would like to list all the names of anglers and charter boat captains that have tagged and released billfish in 1993. The list, however, would be long and in excess of space available. This year, we have listed the names of leading captains tagging substantial numbers of bill fish in their region (Table 4). The names of anglers releasing three or more tagged billfish in 1993 are listed in Table 5. We emphasize that although your name may not be listed, we nonetheless appreciate your efforts in contributing to the research program.

Table 2. Summary of billfish tagged - 1993.

AREA	SPECIES	TOTAL
PACIFIC OCEAN	-	-
Southern California, U.S.A.	Striped Marlin	77
Southern California, U.S.A.	Broadbill Swordfish	1
Hawaii, U.S.A.	Blue Marlin	314
Hawaii, U.S.A.	Striped Marlin	281
Hawaii, U.S.A.	Broadbill Swordfish	165
Hawaii, U.S.A.	Short-Billed Spearfish	56
Hawaii, U.S.A.	Black Marlin	3
Hawaii, U.S.A.	Sailfish	3
Baja California, Mexico	Blue Marlin	29
Baja California, Mexico	Striped Marlin	54
Baja California, Mexico	Sailfish	18
Baja California, Mexico	Black Marlin	2
Manzanillo/Acapulco, Mexico	Sailfish	6
Panama	Sailfish	48
Panama	Black Marlin	21
Columbia	Sailfish	1
Colombia	Shortbill Spearfish	1
Guam, U.S.A.	Blue Marlin	36
Fiji	Blue Marlin	8
Fiji	Sailfish	5
Philippines	Blue Marlin	1
Philippines	Sailfish	1
INDIAN OCEAN	-	-
Kenya	Sailfish	2
Mauritius	Blue Marlin	2
-	TOTAL	1,135

TAG RECOVERIES - 1993

Fourteen billfish tags were returned in 1993. One from a blue marlin, 9 striped marlin, 1 swordfish and one each from a yellowfin tuna and bigeye tuna (Table 3). One recovery from a blue shark was also received. The blue marlin was at liberty only 6 days and had traveled only a short distance. Of the three striped marlin tagged in Southern California, one traveled 2,068 miles from near Santa Barbara Island, California to just north-east of the Island of Maui, Hawaii in 214 days. Another striped marlin tagged near Avalon, Santa Catalina Island traveled 865 miles south to the east cape area of Baja California, Sur in 144 days. The six striped marlin tagged, released and recovered around the Hawaiian Islands indicates significant inter-Island movements. The swordfish tagged in the north Pacific was at liberty a full year but was recaptured only 321 miles from the release location.

Table 3. Names of captains tagging substantial numbers of billfish, and the number of billfish tagged and released. From Tag Report Cards received during 1993.

CAPTAIN NAME	TOTAL
HAWAII, U.S.A.	-
Capt. Mark Shultz	41
Capt. Doug Barna	34
Capt. Kelley Everette	21
Capt. William Dorr	19
Capt. Ron Freitas	18
Capt. Randy Parker	18
Capt. Gene Vanderhoek	16
Capt. Jeff Fay	13
Capt. Randy Orkisch	13
Capt. Rob Purdy	12
Capt. Freddy Rice	12
Capt. Chuck Haupert	11
Capt. Kevin Hogan	11
Capt. Dale Leverone	10
BAJA CALIFORNIA, MEXICO	-
Capt. Gilberto Castro	9
Capt. Martin Collins	7
Capt. Edwardo	3
Capt. Guillermo Sandez	3
Capt. Tony Nungaray	2
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.	-
Capt. Jerry Austin	5
Capt. Kathy Henderson	5
Capt. Ken Brookins	4
Capt. Bill Carey	4
Capt. Doug Carson	4
Capt. Michele Kogler	4
Capt. Richard Madden	4
Capt. Stan Ecklund	3
Capt. Jeff Jones	3
Capt. Jack Patterson	3
Capt. Terry Swanson	3

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Table 4. Names of anglers tagging 3 or more billfish in Hawaii; Baja California, Sur, Mexico; and Southern California. Information taken from Billfish Tagging Report cards received during 1993.

ANGLER NAME	TOTAL
HAWAII, U.S.A.	-
Geza Csige	16
John Arts	8
Jeff Meyer	8
Zachary Smith	8
Louise Sterling	6
Sue Stolzman	6
Lorrin Thompson	6
Sean Freitas	5
Marj O'Brien	5
Russ Smith	5
Jocelyn Everette	4
Bill Hoey	4
Marlon Holden	4
Dick Pusti	4
S4eb Annino	3
Joe Arceneaux	3
Debra Jane Baldwin	3
David Blair	3
Mark Davis	3
Capt. Norm Isaacs	3
Ryan Layton	3
Mike Moody	3
Gordon Phillips	3
Mark Shultz	3
Mandy Shiraki	3
David Small	3
BAJA CALIFORNIA, SUR, MEXICO	-
Richard Mitten	10
Jean-Pierre Malgorn	8
Don Anderson	7
Brian Bray	5
Bernard A. Guentner	4
Dennis L. Gagnon	3
Al Watlet	3
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.	-
Stan Ecklund	6
Jerry R. Austin	5
Karl Kogler	4
Jim Madden	4
Sean Mulrooney	4
Brad Thompson	3
Mark M. Wisch	3

INFORMATION FOR RECEIVING THIS NEWSLETTER AND BILLFISH ANGLER SURVEY FORM

This Newsletter is sent to individuals who have, within the past year, tagged and released billfish, or have submitted the *Billfish Angler Survey* form to the Southwest Fisheries Science Center. U.S. Government regulations require us to purge our mailing list each year. If you did not fish for billfish in 1993, but would like to continue to receive the *Billfish Newsletter* indicate your name and address on the bottom portion of the *Billfish Angler Survey* form and return the form indicating "no fishing." Your name will be retained on the mailing list.

THE BILLFISH TAGGING REPORT CARDS

The '*Billfish Tagging Report*' cards should be filled out completely and as accurately as possible. Use Latitude and Longitude as well as locally known fishing localities when possible. The length of the fish can be estimated as "eye-to-fork" (EFL) or as "tip of lower jaw-to-fork" (JFL).

Include any remarks, your Club name and complete address' of the angler and boat captain. Return cards promptly to the Southwest Fishery Science Center. <u>Tagging is of no value unless this *Billfish Tagging Report* card is returned</u>. Postage is paid if mailed in the U.S.A.

Unfortunately, we have 18 striped marlin and 2 blue marlin recoveries in our data files without the release information. Remember, tagging serves no purpose unless the 'Billfish Tagging Report' cards are returned.

NOAA, National Marine Fisheries Service BILLFISH TAGGING REPORT PLEASE FILL IN DETAILS AND MAIL TODAY. Position: 25°53'N 159°49' Mart - Itag No? 027267 Position: 25°53'N 159°49' Mart - Itag No? 027267	Public reporting barden for the 0.03 hours per rangomen, including existing data sources, gablering and reviewing the sources, gablering rate or any other spect of this to reducing this beach, to David 5 reducing this beach, to David 5 7/1, La Jolds, CA 9200540271; and work Rubertion Bardenia
Remarks: hook removed - good condition Angler: <u>Wary To Angler</u> Address: <u>47-124 Mourlin Way Hono.</u> Zp: <u>96817</u> Ciub: <u>Best Billfish Club</u> , Honolulu Captain: <u>Bill</u> Fish	eatherian of information is summaries to be time for reneway manucio ison. Send commercians of lection of information, including an lection of information, including an lection of information, including has Socilweet Fasherise ScienceGo to Direo of Maaugumet and B to the Office of Maaugumet and B of Maahington, DC 20503
Address: <u>P.O., Box IOA Kailua, Kowa</u> Zip: <u>96.740</u> Response to this form is voluntary. OMB 0648-0009, expiration date: 08/31/93 NOAA 88-162, 4/93	ted to average sta, searching sompleting and a burden esti- ggastions for play, PO. Box play, Poper-

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Table 5. Billfish and tuna release and recapture information

SPECIES	TAGGER/ CAPTAIN	RELEASE DATE	RELEASE LOCATION	RECOVERY DATE	RECOVERY LOCATION	DAYS FREE	MILES & DIRECTION TRAVELED
Blue Marlin	Tom Wright Tom Siebler	08/25/93	19°30' N I56°00'W Kailua Bay, HI	08/31/93	18°55'N 155°4l'W South Point, HI	6	40 SSE
Striped Marlin	- Steve Cravens	3/28/93	20°46'N I56°50'W Lanai, HI	12/31/93	20°01'N 156°01'W Kawaihae Bay, HI	278	67ESE
Striped Marlin	John Griffith, Jr. Jack Patterson	10/03/93	33°21'N 118°19' W Catalina Island, CA	02/24/93	23°33'N 109°29'W East Cape, Baja, MX	144	865 SSE
Striped Marlin	Carol Holt Doug Barna	10/31/92	20°50'N 157°00'W Lanai, HI	12/29/92	17°30'N 155°30'W S of South Pt., HI	59	219 SSE
Striped Marlin	Karl Kogler Michele Kogler	08/15/92	33 °44'N 119°06'W Santa Barbara Is., CA	05/27/93	30°43' N 116°29'N Cape Colnen, MX	285	240 SSE
Striped Marlin	Stan Ecklund Stan Ecklund	10/18/92	33°22'N 119°03'W Santa Barbara Is., CA	05/20/93	23°09'N 151°58'W Hawaii	214	2,068 WSW
Striped Marlin	Mark Davis Skeet Warren	03/12/93	20°30'N 156°37'W Kahoolawe, HI	04/18/93	18°20' N I57°23'W SW of So. Point, HI.	37	138 SSW
Striped Marlin	- Doug Barna	02/09/93	20°40'N 156°59'W Lanai, HI	10/08/93	26°17'N 158°30'W N of Kauai, HI	241	349 NNW
Striped Marlin	Russ Smith Marty Sands	10/30/93	21°15'N I57°05'W Molokai, HI	11/03/93	20°40'N I55°00'W E. of Maui, HI	4	130 ESE
Striped Marlin	- Jeff Hollings	11/20/93	20°41'N 156°51'W Lanai, HI.	12/15/93	21°30'N 154°40'W NE of Maui, HI	25	140 ENE
Swordfish	Tony Geisman	04/24/92	29°00'N 154°00'W N of Hawaii	04/23/93	29°48'N 148°43'W N of Hawaii	364	321 ENE
Bigeye Tuna	- Bobby LaRue	03/20/92	29°40'N 153°02'W N of Hawaii	12/22/92	31°40'N 151°39'W N of Hawaii	277	146 NNE
Yellowfin Tuna	NMFS- Research	07/16/93	18°46'N 157°11'W SW of Hawaii	08/29/93	18°42'W 156°16'W SW of Hawaii	44	55 ESE
Blue Shark	Sean VanSommeran	08/01/93	36°48'N 121°50'W Monterev, CA	09/22/93	12°22'N 123°22'W NW of Clipperton Is.	52	1,469 SSW

Your cooperation in the annual *Billfish Angler Survey* and the *Cooperative Marine Game Fish Tagging Program* is appreciated.

TAGGING SUPPLIES are available to the billfish angler through this office (SWFSC) and the following locations:

Southern California

- San Diego Marlin Cub, San Diego, California
- Balboa Angling Club, Newport beach, California
- Catalina Seafood, end of Avalon Pier, Catalina Island

Hawaii

- Pacific Ocean Research Foundation (PORF), Kailua-Kona
- SWFSC, Honolulu Laboratory, Honolulu

Baja California, Mexico

- Rancho Buena Vista, East Cape
- Rancho Leonero, East Cape

We wish to acknowledge and thank the following Hawaiibased commercial longline vessels for tagging and releasing small swordfish in the north Pacific during 1993.

VESSEL	CAPTAIN	TAGGED
SEEKER II	David Ghigliotty	37
EDWARD G	Tony Geisman	33
MASTER VINCENT	Barney Shirah	24
KELLY ANN	Michael Foy	23
NAVIGATOR	Robert W. Mitchell, Jr.	9
KELLY ANN	Steve Sexton	9
BARBARA H	David Hayworth	8
ALYCIA MARY	Joseph M. Swann	6
BIG DEAL	Jim Anderson	4
PACIFIC SEA	Larry Strader	4
ALYCIA MARY	Mike Swann	3
SANDY DORY	Joe Hamil	3
BARBARA H	Robert Vacchetta	2

TAGGING PRIORITIES

Our current tagging emphasis, by location, is:

Southern California	Striped Marlin Broadbill Swordfish
Hawaii	Blue Marlin Striped Marlin Black Marlin Broadbill Swordfish
Mexico	Blue Marlin Black Marlin
Central America	All billfish
Indo-Pacific	All billfish
Indian Ocean	All billfish

Congratulations to Elsbeth Pfenninger for submitting this year's winning photograph for the cover of the '1994 Billfish Newsletter'. The Southwest Fisheries Science Center is looking for good photographs of billfish for the cover of next years' Billfish Newsletter'. Color or black and white photos of billfish and/or fishing activities are appropriate. We would appreciate sharing your photos and will give you full credit in the 1995 issue. <u>A billfish baseball cap and plaque will be awarded to the winning photographer.</u>

David B. Holts, Fishery Biologist Southwest Fisheries Science Center P.O. Box 271 La Jolla, CA 92038 Phone- (619) 546-7000 FAX- (619) 546-7003



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Marine Fisheries Service Southwest Fisheries Science Center 8604 La Jolla Shores Or. La Jolla, California 92038-0271